

Responding to PEDV – Lessons Learned

Paul Thomas, DVM

AMVC Management Services

ISU Swine Medicine Education Center





Responding to PEDV.... Mistakes we made

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Overview of PEDV outbreak response

- 1. Wean all healthy, at-risk piglets (wean down)
- 2. Load the farm with replacement stock
- 3. Homogenize herd immunity / feedback
- 4. Eliminate virus from farm environment (cleanup)

5. Stay clean.





1. Wean down

- All animals on the farm are naïve to PEDV and susceptible to infection.
 - Any piglet that remains on the farm will become infected and will die.
- Early wean all piglets down to 8 10 days of age (normal wean age is 21 days)
- Must have space to take these animals
- Must provide special care
 - Mortality is low (1-3%)





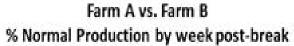
Rapid, organized response

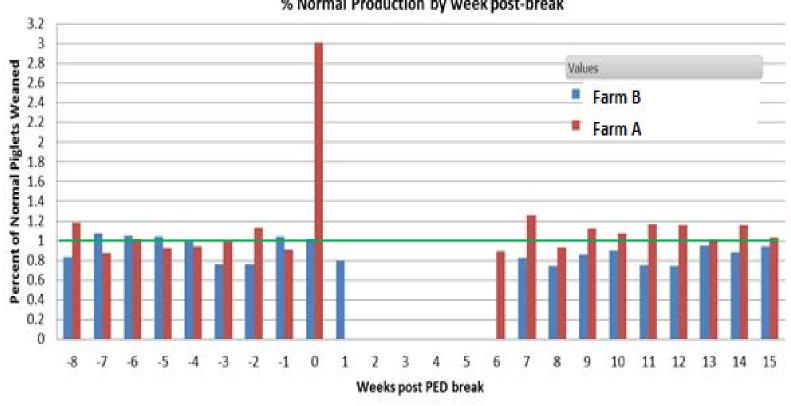
- Rapid action is necessary
 - Within a few days of initial clinical signs all piglets will become infected
- Organization is necessary to make early wean possible.
 - Must have clean trailers and drivers ready to go
 - Must have facilities / space ready to take the animals
 - Dietary needs of younger piglets are different





Differences in response time









2. Load the farm with replacement stock

- Replacement gilts are often raised off site from the sow farm.
- The farm will be "closed" to introduction of new animals during the time of clinical PED
 - New naïve gilts = fodder for viral replication
- We will need a supply of replacement females to continue with farm activities during recovery phase





Rapid, organized response

- Goal is to bring <u>healthy</u> gilts in as soon as possible, then close the herd
- Under normal health circumstances gilt introductions require assurance of PRRSVnegative status
 - Testing takes 24 hours
- Risk of PRRSV transmission hasn't changed simply because PEDV is at the top of your mind





3. Homogenize herd immunity / feedback

- Immediate "feedback" of the whole herd should occur following herd closure
 - Use intestinal contents from piglets
 - Feedback material should be obtained from acutely infected animals. What is the correct piglet:sow ratio?
 - Exposing the whole herd will get all animals sick and over the disease at the same time
 - Expect colostral / lactogenic immunity ~3+ weeks
 after feedback begins
 - Piglets will continue get infected and die until then





Feedback is critical to rapid recovery

- Ensure every sow is fed material
 - Individual scoop on every sow's feed
- Monitor every sow for clinical signs of illness
 - Diarrhea, vomiting, lethargy, off-feed
 - Mark sows once they display clinical sows
- Repeat feedback to sows that do not show clinical signs
- Discontinue feedback once all sows have shown clinical signs of PED





4. Eliminate virus from farm environment (cleanup)

- Entire sow farm should be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected
 - Farrowing rooms should especially be sanitized
 - Wash sows before entering farrowing
 - Wash and disinfect hallways every time an animal is moved
 - Stop all movements between litters
 - Process piglets at 24 hours of age
 - Viral shedding occurs at 36-48 hours post-exposure





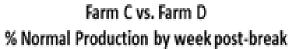
Creating a culture of cleanliness

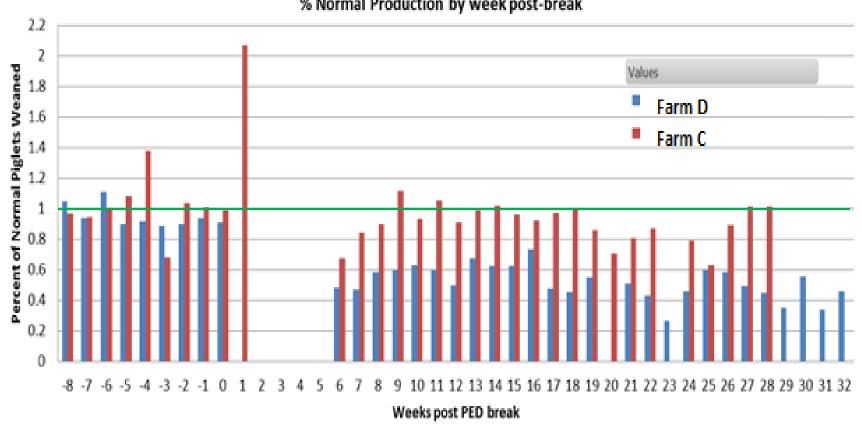
- Do not only make a list of requirements or practices
 - If it's not on the list, it won't happen
- Instead, outline cleanliness concepts
 - Identify sources of contamination
 - Identify methods of spread
 - Teach proper principles of cleaning and disinfection
- You will achieve better buy-in and employees will address areas of risk that you may fail to identify





This is what poor cleanliness looks like









5. Stay clean

- Some animals will continue to shed virus for an extended period even after they appear to be completely recovered
 - This means that after everything seems to be back to normal, piglets look good, scouring has stopped, and weaning numbers are back to normal --- PEDV is still on the farm
 - The minute you forget this and get lax with cleaning and sanitation, PED will flare back up.
 - To give sow and piglet immunity the best chance to be successful, we must minimize their challenge from the environment





100% compliance of all protocols

- To speed recovery or prevent introduction of PEDV you must have 100% compliance of all farm protocols
 - Feedback procedures
 - Cleaning procedures
 - Piglet care practices

Biosecurity















We may have caught a break

- PED seems pretty bad, but...
- Estimated costs of FAD introduction into the US:
- CSF
 - >\$51 billion over 10 years to US pork industry alone
- FMD
 - \$12.9 billion per year
 - >58,000 full time jobs
 - 10 years = \$57 billion to swine industry
 - \$71 billion to cattle industry







Thank you!



Questions or Comments?



